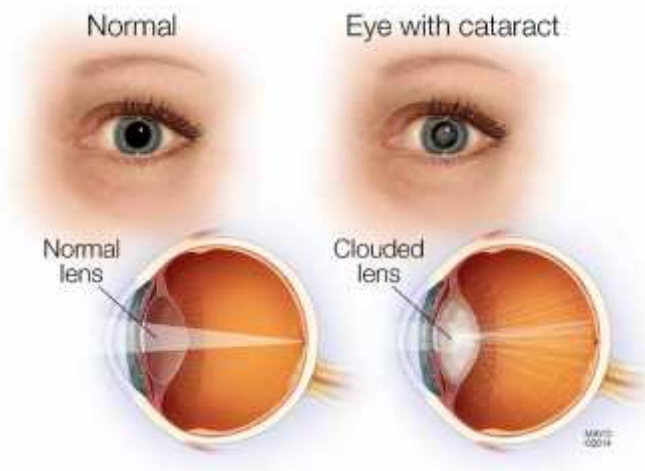


WHAT IS CATARACT



A cataract is a clouding of the eye's natural lens, which lies behind the iris and the pupil. Cataracts are the most common cause of vision loss in people over age 40 and is the principal cause of blindness in the world. Nuclear cataracts usually are associated with aging.

TYPES OF CATARACT

- Nuclear Sclerotic Cataracts. This is the most common type of age-related cataract, caused primarily by the hardening and yellowing of the lens over time. ...
- Cortical Cataracts. ...
- Posterior Sub capsular Cataracts.

CAUSES OF CATARACT

Most cataracts develop when aging or injury changes the tissue that makes up your eye's lens. Some inherited genetic disorders that cause other health problems can increase your risk of cataracts. Cataracts can also be caused by other eye conditions, past eye surgery or medical conditions such as diabetes.

SYMPTOMS OF CATARACT

- Clouded, blurred or dim vision.
- Increasing difficulty with vision at night.
- Sensitivity to light and glare.
- Need for brighter light for reading and other activities.
- Seeing "halos" around lights.
- Frequent changes in eyeglass or contact lens prescription.
- Fading or yellowing of colors.

NEUROTHERAPY TREATMENT

| | | | |
|------------|-------------|------------|--------------|
| I | (10) | Pan | |
| | | | After ½ hour |
| II | (10) | Pan | |
| | | | After ½ hour |
| III | (10) | Pan | |